

Diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (short version)

Recommendations from the society for diagnosis and therapy of haematological and oncological diseases

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Medizinische Onkologie e.V.
Bauhofstr. 12
D-10117 Berlin

Executive chairman: Prof. Dr. med. Andreas Hochhaus

Phone: +49 (0)30 27 87 60 89 - 0

info@dgho.de

www.dgho.de

Contact person

Prof. Dr. med. Bernhard Wörmann
Medical superintendent

Source

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Authors: Georg Lenz, Björn Chapuy, Bertram Glaß, Felix Keil, Wolfram Klapper, Maike Nickelsen, Heinz Schmidberger, Clemens A. Schmitt, Novak Urban

Previous authors: Ulrich Dührsen, Michael A. Fridrik, Norbert Schmitz

1 Summary

Diffuse large B-cell lymphoma is the most common neoplasm of the lymphatic system. It originates from mature B cells and rapidly leads to death if left untreated. Rapidly progressive lymph node enlargement and/or extranodal manifestations as well as general symptoms (B-symptoms) are characteristic.

The individual prognosis can be estimated using the International Prognostic Index.

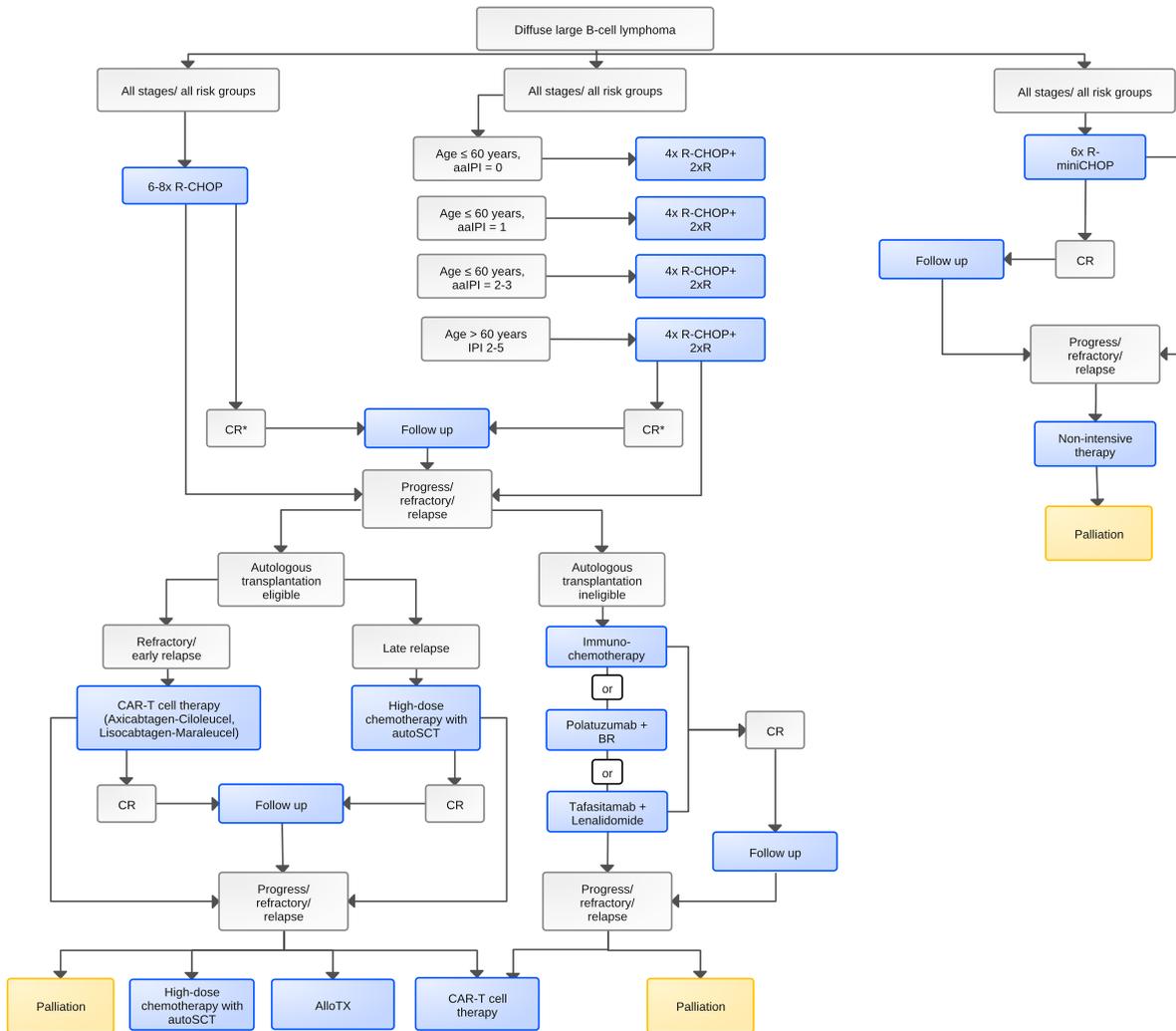
The therapeutic goal is curative. First-line therapy consists of 6-8 cycles of the R-CHOP protocol or, depending on the risk profile, R-CHOP-like protocols. In early stages in the absence of risk factors, a reduction of treatment cycles is possible. The role of radiation has not been definitively determined. Other unresolved issues such as prognosis- or response-driven therapy, the value of more intensive treatment protocols, or the efficacy of new agents are the subject of prospective clinical trials.

The cure rate of patients with diffuse large B-cell lymphoma is approximately 60-70%.

2 Therapy

The current treatment algorithm is depicted in [Figure 1](#).

Figure 1: Treatment algorithm in patients with diffuse large B-cell lymphoma



Legend:

█ curative treatment intent; █ non-curative treatment intent;

* Involved site radiotherapy should be considered for circumscribed PET positive residual lymphoma.

15 Authors' Affiliations

Prof. Dr. Georg Lenz

Universitätsklinikum Münster

Translationale Onkologie

Albert-Schweitzer-Campus 1, Gebäude D3

48149 Münster

georg.lenz@ukmuenster.de

Prof. Dr. med. Björn Chapuy

Charité Universitätsmedizin Berlin

Medizinische Klinik mit Schwerpunkt

Hämatologie und Onkologie

Hindenburgdamm 30

12200 Berlin

bjorn.chapuy@charite.de

Prof. Dr. med. Bertram Glaß

HELIOS Klinikum Berlin-Buch
Klinik für Hämatologie, Onkologie und Tumorimmunologie
Schwanebecker Chaussee 50
13125 Berlin
bertram.glass@helios-gesundheit.de

Prim. Univ.-Prof. Dr. Felix Keil

3. Medizinischen Abteilung
Hämatologisch-Onkologisches Zentrum
Heinrich-Collin-Str. 30
1140 Wien
felix.keil@oegk.at

Prof. Dr. Wolfram Klapper

Universitätsklinikum Schleswig-Holstein - Campus Kiel
Institut für Pathologie, Sektion für Hämatopathologie
Arnold-Heller-Str. 3, Haus 14
24105 Kiel
wklapper@path.uni-kiel.de

Dr. med. Maike Nickelsen

Onkologie Lerchenfeld
Lerchenfeld 14
22081 Hamburg
dr.nickelsen@onkologie-lerchenfeld.de

Prof. Dr. med. Heinz Schmidberger

Universitätsmedizin Mainz
Klinik für Radioonkologie und Strahlentherapie
Langenbeckstr. 1
55131 Mainz
heinz.schmidberger@unimedizin-mainz.de

Prof. Dr. med. Clemens A. Schmitt

Kepler Universitätsklinikum
Klinik für Interne 3 - Schwerpunkt Hämatologie und Onkologie
Krankenhausstr. 9
A-4021 Linz
Clemens.Schmitt@kepleruniklinikum.at

Prof. Dr. med. Novak Urban

INSELSPITAL, Universitätsspital Bern
Klinik und Poliklinik für Medizinische Onkologie
Loryspital 1st floor, Rm130
CH-3010 Bern
urban.novak@insel.ch

16 Disclosures

Conflicts of interest can be found in the [full German version of the guideline](#).